THE [Numb. 632.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *June* 16, 1757.

BREST, March 5.

THE pompous Liſts of the Engliſh Fleets deſtined for Europe, Aſia, and America, give us no Uneaſineſs, becauſe we know the Liſts to be falſe, and the Ships to be ill manned. As to their Threats of beſieging Quebec, we cannot think that they themſelves expect to ſucceed in ſuch an Enterprize by only augmenting their Troops in America with 10,000 Men, and giving the Officers of the American Troops the ſame Rank with thoſe of the Regular Forces.

Hanover, March 18. Our Troops, which lately returned from England, have reſumed their old Quarters; and no Part of our Army hath yet received any Orders to march. However ſuch Diſpoſitions are made, as ſeem to indicate, that we ſhall regulate our Motions by thoſe of the French; of whoſe Deſign to invade us we have now the ſtrongeſt Apprehenſions.

We ſee a Liſt here of an Army conſiſting of 400,000 Men, deſigned to act this Year againſt the King of Pruſſia, excluſive of the French Auxiliaries, viz. 170,000 Auſtrians, 120,000 Ruſſians, 10,000 from Italy, and 100,000, which the Empire is to furniſh.

Toulon, March 18. Yeſterday the Centaur Man of War was launched here, and the following Evening the Squadron commanded by M. de Reveſt ſet ſail from this Port with a fair Wind. The Deſtination of this Squadron is at preſent unknown, as he is not to open his Commiſſion till he comes to a certain Latitude.

Paris, March 28. Laſt Saturday Sentence was pronounced by the Parliament againſt Damien, to the following Purpoſe: 'The ſaid Robert Francis Damien, is duly convicted of High Treaſon, on Account of the wicked, abominable, and moſt deteſtable Parricide committed on the Perſon of the King. The Parliament condemned the ſaid Damien, for Reparation of his Crime, to be brought in a Tumbril in his Shirt before the principal Door of the Cathedral at Paris, and there kneeling down, and holding a Wax Torch, weighing two Pounds, he ſhall declare, That wickedly and traiterouſly he committed the ſaid wicked, deteſtable and moſt abominable Parricide, by wounding the King with a Knife on the right Side, for which he repents, and aſks Pardon of God, of the King, and of Juſtice. This done, he ſhall be carried in the ſaid Tumbril to the Greve, and upon a Scaffold, there erected, to be pinched with hot Irons in the Breaſts, Arms, Thighs, and Calf of the Leg, and his right Hand, holding the Knife with which he committed the ſaid Parricide, ſhall be burnt with Fire and Brimſtone; and on the Places where he ſhall be pinched, there ſhall be poured melted Lead, boiling Oil, burning Pitch, and Wax and Brimſtone melted together; after which his Body ſhall be drawn and diſmembered by four Horſes, and his Limbs and Body be burnt to Aſhes, and ſcattered in the Wind. The Court confiſcates all his Goods, moveable and immoveable, to the King; and orders, that before the ſaid Execution, he ſhall undergo the Torture, both Ordinary and Extraordinary, to procure a Diſcovery of his Accomplices; order moreover, that the Houſe in which he was born ſhall be demoliſhed (the Owner being indemnified for the Loſs) and that no other Houſe ſhall ever be built on the Premiſes.

Paris, March 29. Yeſterday Damien was executed purſuant to his Sentence, at Three in the Afternoon; and tho' the Horſes were very vigorous, they made five or ſix Efforts without being able to tear off his Limbs; Permiſſion was therefore aſked (and at laſt with Difficulty obtained) to cut off his Limbs, and he even then gave ſome Signs of Life. His Limbs were then thrown upon the Pile of Fire, which continued burning this Morning at ſeven o'Clock. All the Windows and Tops of Houſes were full of Spectators.

Paris, April 1. The Parliament has iſſued an Arret againſt Damien's Family, whereby his Wife and Daughter, and his Father, are ordered to leave the Kingdom within a Fortnight, and never to return, upon Pain of being hanged; and his Brothers, and their Wives, together with all his other Relations of the Name of Damien, are enjoined to change their Names, under the ſame Penalties. Damien declared before his Execution, that there was no Plot formed, neither had he any Accomplices.

Dublin, April 5. We are aſſured, that the two Highland Regiments, raiſed in Scotland, are to embark at Portpatrick, and land at Donaghadee, and march from thence to Cork, in order for Embarkation to North-America.

A large Sum of Money, eſcorted by a Party of Dragoons, was ſent from the Treaſury to Cork, for the Payment of the ſeveral Regiments that are there, in order for Embarkation.

The Maſter of a Ship juſt arrived from Bourdeaux, brings certain Advice of the general Concern which is expreſſed at that Place, and other Parts of France, on Account of the Sentence and Execution of Admiral Byng.

LONDON, *April* 5.

Notwithſtanding the many Reports we have had of the ſpeedy March of the Ruſſians into Germany, it is now poſitively aſſerted that ſhe will take no Part in the preſent War.

We hear from Falmouth, that three Ships of War are at that Place detained by bad Weather, one of them has Diſpatches for Lord Loudoun, and is going Expreſs to New-York.

Sunday at two o'Clock the Yachts fell down the River to Harwich, to be in Readineſs to carry his Royal Highneſs the Duke to Holland; and To-morrow Morning his Highneſs ſets out for Harwich.

The Number of Forces provided for by Parliament this Year amounts to 49749 Men, including 4008 Invalids.

Orders are diſpatched to the North, for the two Battalions of Highlanders immediately to march to Portpatrick, from whence they are to proceed with all Expedition to Cork, in order to embark for America. It is ſaid each of the Battalions have about 200 Men above their Complement.

The following Alterations are made in his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland's Houſhold: Colonel Hodgſon is appointed Maſter of the Horſe to his Royal Highneſs, and Col. John Boſcawen is appointed Groom of the Bedchamber.

The Earl of Albemarle, Col. Kepple, Lord Frederick Cavendiſh, Lord Lenox (who is appointed one of his Royal Highneſs's Aids de Camp) Capt. Carlton, and Col. Weſt, go abroad with his Royal Highneſs.

The Minerva, ——, from Carolina to London, ſaid to have on board 132,000 lb. of Indico, and valued at upwards of 30,000 l. is taken.

It is ſaid that the Dover and her Prize were ſeen in Leigh Road laſt Saturday.

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, dated April 4.

"*The Squadron at St. Helen's with the Tranſports are ſtill detained by the Wind; however, as it is N. W. and ſeems to incline ſtill more to the N. we are in Hopes they will leave us this Afternoon.*"

"*It is reported Admiral Smith will command the Fleet going to the Mediterranean; the following Ships are ſaid to be ſome of thoſe ordered for that Service, Prince, Ramillies, St. George, Invincible, Buckingham, Monmouth, Naſſau, Lancaſter, Revenge, Monarch, St. Alban's, and Windſor.*"

Extract of a Letter from Capt. Feſter, of the Antigallican, dated Cadiz, March 2.

"*Since my laſt the Governor, on the 28th ult. ſent for me to acquaint me he had Orders from the King to deliver the Prize up to the French, upon which I went on board her: He immediately gave Orders for a 60 Gun and a 30 Gun Ship of War to lay along ſide of us; and about 9 this Morning the Commander ſent Orders to me to ſtrike my Colours, which on my refuſing to do, both Ships began their Fire; they ſhot away my Enſign, and on my endeavouring to ſend a Man to ſtrike the Pendant he was killed; they continued firing on us three Quarters of an Hour, one Quarter of which was after all our Colours were ſtruck: The Ship is ſhattered in a moſt terrible Condition: The whole Time, for fear of giving Umbrage to the Spaniſh Flag, I did not even fire one Gun, but lay to their Mercy: They took Poſſeſſion of the Ship by Men armed: I now refer you to the Conſul's Letter to the Secretary of State, wherein he gives a full Account of this Affair, a Copy of which is ſent to our Ambaſſador at Madrid. I hope, as I have done my Duty in this Affair, you will uſe all your Endeavours and Intereſt in laying this unprecedented and national Affair before his Majeſty, to meet with Redreſs and Juſtice: In the mean Time I hope to hear from Madrid. I have been with the Governor, who tells me he has no further Commands with me. I ſhall endeavour to go for Madrid To-morrow, to wait on the King in Perſon, the Reſult of which I ſhall ſend with all Expedition.*"

'Tis ſaid that Sir William Burnaby, who with two Privateers has taken 24 Prizes, and carried them into Tunis, is blocked up there by ſeven French Men of War from Toulon, and that Admiral Saunders is gone with ſix Ships of the Line to relieve him.

We hear the French Court has demanded in Form a Paſſage for a numerous Body of Troops through the Electorate of Hanover, which has been peremptorily refuſed.

It is ſaid that Advice was received Yeſterday that the Court of Spain has releaſed the Antigallican Privateer's Prize, and cautioned the Captain not to ſtir from thence till a proper Convoy is arrived from England to guard him Home.

April 7. We hear that a Twenty Gun Ship is ordered to cruize between Helvoet and Harwich, to protect the Packet at this very critical Juncture.

Extract of a Letter from Captain William Foſter, Commander of the Antigallican private Ship of War, to his Owners, dated Cadiz, March 9.

"*You will ſee we have not only run the Hazard of an Engagement for our India Prize, but have been cruelly treated in this Bay, and ſince impriſoned: I am in Health and in good Spirits, and make no Doubt, as the whole Affair, in reſpect to us, is founded in Honour and Truth, if Juſtice take Place, it muſt end in our Favour. The Conſul has been very kind, and active in his Endeavours to ſerve us; the whole City is greatly alarmed at the unjuſt and ſevere Treatment we have met with from the Governor: However, the Antigallican is fitting out, and will loſe no Time in repairing the Prize. Nothing ſhall be wanting for your Intereſt; the Ship's Company and Officers who ſurvived the Cannonading and Impriſonment, are all well.*"

Goſport, April 3. This Morning, about Six o'Clock, Admiral Holbourne, &c. and General Hopſon, Commander in Chief of the Land Forces, went on board the Fleet at St. Helens.

Portſmouth, April 4. God be thanked, a fine fair Wind, ſo that the Ships cannot fail of putting immediately to Sea for America, and the other Parts they are deſtined for.

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, April 5.

"*The Fleet for America got under ſail Yeſterday; but were forced to come to an Anchor again, the Wind ſhifting. Wind now Weſt. The Litchfield, Captain Barton, Centaur, Captain Brown, and the Raven Sloop, Captain Bover, with two Buſſes, in his Majeſty's Service, are bound the firſt fair Wind to the Coaſt of Guiney, to protect the Trade. The Mediterranean Squadron, it is ſaid, will ſail in about twenty Days from Spithead.*"

Whitehall,

Whitehall, April 6. The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint the Right Honourable Daniel Earl of Winchelſea and Nottingham; Sir William Rowley, Knight of the Bath; Edward Boſcawen, and Gilbert Elliot, Eſquires; the Right Honourable John Lord Carysfort; Savage Moyſton, and Edward Sandys, Eſquires, to be Commiſſioners for executing the Office of High Admiral of Great-Britain and Ireland, and the Dominions, Iſlands, and Territories thereto reſpectively belonging.

Whitehall, April 9. On Wedneſday laſt the Right Honourable Mr. Pitt, by his Majeſty's Command, reſigned the Seals of Secretary of State for the Southern Department.

The King has been pleaſed to grant unto the Right Honourable William Lord Mansfield, Chief Juſtice of the Court of King's Bench, the Office of Chancellor of his Majeſty's Exchequer, in the Room of the Right Honourable Henry Legge, Eſq;

St. James's, April 9. This Morning, about Six o'Clock, his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, ſet out for Harwich, to embark there, in his Way to Hanover.

London, April 9. We hear the Duke of Bedford and the Earl of Sandwich will be Secretaries of State, and the Earl of Holderneſs Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

We are informed, that there is on board the three Ships from South-Carolina, taken by the French, at leaſt 200,000 lb. Weight of Indico.

The Right Honourable the Earl of Egremont is appointed Secretary of State, in the Room of the Right Honourable William Pitt, who has been diſmiſſed.

We hear that a certain great Perſonage ſent a Meſſenger on Wedneſday Afternoon to a great Commoner, informing him that he had no further Occaſion for his Service; upon which the worthy Commoner nobly replied, that as he received his Commiſſion directly from his M------, he could not reſign without a formal Order from the ſame Hand.

We are further informed, that on the above Anſwer being received, conſiderable Appointments were offered to ſeveral of the Nobility and Gentry, in Connection with the preſent Miniſtry, and that they all begged to be excuſed from accepting any ſuch Poſts, while a certain Perſon (very lately appointed to a new Place) continued in any public Employment that had any Connection with theirs.

We are aſſured that the City of London will ſpeedily preſent the Right Hon. William Pitt, and the Right Hon. Henry Legge, Eſqrs. with the Freedom of the City in a Gold Box, as a Mark of the entire Satisfaction they have given that reſpectable Body, by their Prudence and Integrity in the Conduct of public Affairs.

Gilbert Elliot, Eſq; having declined taking upon him the Office of a Lord of the Admiralty, William Gerard Hamilton, Eſq; is appointed to fill up that Commiſſion.

We hear that a noble Earl has refuſed going Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland.

They write from Toulon, of the 16th of laſt Month, that the Fleet in that Port deſigned for the Mediterranean, is to conſiſt of 20 Men of War of the Line, and ſix Frigates, but they are not to ſail till the End of this Month, and to take on board great Quantities of Stores and Proviſions for Minorca, as alſo a Reinforcement of Troops for the Garriſon at Port-Mahon. Several armed Veſſels fitted out there, are ſailed to cruize on the Engliſh.

They write from divers Counties, that the Ground this Spring has turned up very rich, and there is a Proſpect of a plentiful Harveſt.

The Subſcription to the Ladies Reſolution Privateers (three in Number, to be commanded by the brave Capt. Walker) upon the Books at Sir Charles Aſgill's, and Mr. Drummond's, already amounts to 8000 l. at the Head of which ſtands the reſpectable Name of the Right Hon. the Counteſs of Northumberland.

It is reported five Ships have been taken on the North Coaſt by three French Privateers.

We hear that the Right Hon. the Lord Tyrawly, Governor of Gibraltar, is coming home, and that the Earl of Home is to ſucceed him.

Yeſterday the Honourable Sir Richard Littleton, Knight of the Bath, and Major-General of his Majeſty's Forces, reſigned the Office of Maſter of the Jewel-Office.

As did the Hon. James Greenville that of one of the Lords of the Treaſury; and Thomas Potter, Eſq; the Office of Joint Pay-Maſter of his Majeſty's Forces.

The Right Hon. Henry Fox is appointed Pay-Maſter General, in the room of Lord Viſcount Duplin, and Thomas Potter, Eſq;

We hear the Right Hon. Henry Fox, Eſq; has juſt obtained a reverſionary Grant for himſelf and his two Sons, of the beneficial Poſt of Clerk of the Pells in Ireland, now enjoyed by George Bub Doddington, Eſq; and valued at 2000 l. per Annum.

We are now told that the French find themſelves ſo much embarraſſed for Want of Seamen, of which we have ſuch great Numbers Priſoners in England, that they have propoſed Terms for a Cartel, or general Exchange of Priſoners.

We hear that ſome Conferences have been had with the Spaniſh Miniſter reſiding here, upon Advice received of the Detainer of the Antigallican's Prize; and alſo that a categorical Anſwer is demanded to a grand Queſtion.

There is a Liſt of 36 Privateers ſaid to be now out from Bayonne, and St. John de Luce, moſt of which mount from 20 to 30 Guns.

The Prince de Soubize, a French Privateer, fitted out by the Ladies of France (which had taken 14 Prizes without Damage) is taken at laſt herſelf by the Dunkirk Man of War, Captain Howe, purchaſed for 2500 l. by the Union Society meeting at the Feathers Tavern in Cheapſide, together with her Proviſions and Ammunition. She now rides off Limehouſe, and is going out under the Name of the Boſcawen Privateer.

April 12. By Advices from Hanover, the Landgrave of Heſſe Caſſel will add 4000 Men to the 8000 Heſſians who are to return from England; and it is ſaid, their Army of Obſervation will amount to about 58,000 Men, which is to be joined by the Saxon Regiments that have entered into the Service of the King of Pruſſia.

It is reported that nine Sail have been taken in the North Seas, ſuppoſed to be all Engliſh Coaſters.

On Sunday Sir Edward Hawke ſet out from his Houſe in Great George-Street for Portſmouth.

A Dutch Veſſel arrived Yeſterday in the River from Seville, in 16 Days, brings Advice, that the Antigallican's Prize was delivered up to the French Conſul, and ſailed from thence for France.

We hear that one Part of France's Plan of Operations againſt Hanover, is to conquer Bremen and Verden, and then make a Preſent of them to Sweden, in order to purchaſe the Concurrence, or at leaſt the Neutrality, of that Crown in the preſent War.

It is reported that ſeveral Engliſh Ships have been ſeized at Oſtend, by an Order from the Empreſs Queen.

We hear that his Royal Highneſs goes by Sea to Hamburgh.

We are aſſured, that there is no Account of the Pondicherry French Indiaman, a Prize to the Dover Man of War, ſince ſhe was in Yarmouth Roads. Upwards of 30,000 l. has been inſured upon her. She had 280 Men on board.

Falmouth, March 31. Laſt Tueſday was ſent in here a French Snow, homeward bound from Martinico, taken by the King of Pruſſia Privateer of London. Alſo a French Schooner Privateer of 16 Carriage Guns, 12 Swivels, and 80 Men, taken by the Lion Privateer of Briſtol.

Portſmouth, April 8. Yeſterday a Court-Martial was held on board the St. George, but cannot as yet learn the Occaſion.

KINGSTON, (in Jamaica) May 7.

By the Hardman, Capt. Yoward, who came in laſt Monday from the Coaſt of Guiney, and left Cape-Coaſt Caſtle the 13th of laſt February, we learn, that on the 24th of that Month, the French Squadron appeared in Sight of the Caſtle, at 11 o'Clock, conſiſting of a 74 and 64 Gun Ship, beſides a Frigate which lay by in the Offing with 4 Prizes, but where the Prizes were taken the Captain could not hear. The Two Men of War fired at the Caſtle, and continued the ſame with great Fury for about half an Hour, but did no material Damage, the Compliment being as briſkly returned from the Caſtle, ſo that the Monſieurs, thought proper to proceed down the Coaſt ſo low as Tantum Query; there they manned their Launces and deſtroyed ſeveral trading Shallops, &c. In two Days after, Account came to the Caſtle of their taking four trading Veſſels at Anamaboe. They afterwards went to Whiddaw, but no Accounts were as yet arrived what Damage they might have done there.

BOSTON, *May* 30.

From Albany we hear, that ſcouting Parties of the Enemy appear often near the Forts at Lake-George, and, that laſt Week two of the Regulars being out for ſome Wood, were fired upon and killed by them; alſo, that they had taken two or three of the Rangers Priſoners, and killed two others: One of the Regulars was knock'd on the Head with a Hatchet, about 30 Yards from Fort Edward.

We hear by a Coaſter arrived at Cape-Anne from Dammariſcotta, by at or near that Place, as a Number of Fiſhermen were catching Alewives for Bait, the Indians came upon, kill'd and took near twenty of them.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 27.

As the Diſſatisfaction of the Catawbas, which ſhewed itſelf too much at their leaving this Place on the 16th and 17th of this Month (not being to be prevailed on to ſtay longer on the Frontiers, or to Promiſe to return, or ſend others in their Stead) and which was owing to ſome concurring Circumſtances, gave great Uneaſineſs to the Inhabitants, it may be proper to inform them, for their Quiet and Satisfaction, that the Honourable Edmund Atkin, Eſq; his Majeſty's Agent for Indian Affairs, according to a private Agreement with their King and his Captains, followed them in the Night of the 17th to James-Town Ferry, where after another private Conference with them on Behalf of this Colony, he made a long Speech publicly on the 19th, in the Preſence of ſeveral Inhabitants, in the Name of his Majeſty, to King Heigler and all his Warriors, which produced an Effect that ſurprized all preſent. He delivered, as from the King, at the different Periods or Parts of his Speech, a large Belt of white Wampum, recommending a mutual Friendſhip between them and all his Subjects whatſoever on this Side the great Water; then ſeveral Strings of black Wampum, with a Hatchet, to be made Uſe of againſt all the Enemies whatſoever of his ſaid Subjects, more eſpecially againſt the Ohio Indians; and laſtly, ſome other Strings of white Wampum, with a Propoſition for their future Aſſiſtance of Virginia againſt thoſe Indians in particular, by relieving Parties on the Frontiers, only under his Paſſports; and a Regulation recommended, which is calculated to reduce the preſent great and growing Expence upon Indians, to obtain a more effectual Aſſiſtance from them, and to render the Settlements more quiet and ſecure.

King HEIGLER, after ſome Pauſe, made the following ANSWER.

I AM glad to hear this Talk from King George. It hath entered my Heart; I will never forget it, but remember it ſo long as I live. The white People and my People are like two Brothers that came out of one Womb, and we will live as ſuch for ever. We were at War heretofore with the Six-Nations; the white People took the Hatchet out of our Hands, and threw it into the Water [alluding to the Peace made at New-York, 1751, by the repeated Invitations of the Governors of that Province, and by the Perſuaſions of the Governors of South-Carolina] and now they have put it again into our Hands, we will uſe it, till they bid us throw it into the Water again. When I was at New-York, to make Peace with the Six-Nations, I ſaid, that I and my People would always fight againſt the Enemies of the white People. The Shawaneſe have behaved badly; and the Six-Nations, and I and my People, are now all ready to join and go againſt them.

I cannot ſay much now; for we are like Travellers met on the Road, who are in Haſte and have not Time enough to talk together. This Wampum and Hatchet ſhall remain in the Catawba Nation ſo long as it is a Nation; for the King that comes after me ſhall have them, and take the ſame Care to deliver them to the next.

I and my Warriors give Thanks to the Governor of Virginia for what he hath given us.

I have no more to ſay at preſent; but ſhall be very glad to ſee you in our Towns: We ſhall have Time to talk more together, and I will mind whatever you ſhall then ſay to me.

Then the King ſhook Hands with the Agent, locking his own Arm in his at full Length.

The Agent then replied,

NOW you have ſpoke like a Catawba; I never knew the Catawbas aſked twice to do any Thing: I have been ſo vexed and uneaſy at what hath paſſed ſince I met you in Williamſburg, that it hath broke my Sleep; but now I am glad to hear what you have ſaid, and my Heart is light at parting.

Soon after the King and his People came and took Leave affectionately, and croſſed the River.

The Perſons who afterwards conducted them thro' the Settlements to the Boundary Line of North-Carolina, report, That no Men could behave better than they did in all their March; that they were continually talking of the Agent and his Speech

Speech with the greateſt Satisfaction, and often repeated that they would ſend freſh Parties to our Frontiers.

'Tis to be hoped that thoſe who were preſent, and know what paſſed, while thoſe Indians were here in Williamſburg, and in what a Temper they left it, will, when they read the above, be convinced what an Injury Gentlemen do to their Country and themſelves, who not having had ſufficient Opportunities of knowing Indians and their Affairs or Manners, yet, with an ill-timed, though well meant Intention, concern themſelves too much with them, and interfere in the Management committed by his Majeſty to the ſaid Agent, for the general Good of his Subjects.

Captain Arbuthnot, in his Majeſty's Ship the Garland, is arrived in Hampton Road, having under his Convoy ſix Sail of Tranſports, with five Companies of the Royal American Regiment, under the Command of Lieutenant-Colonel Bouquet; but we do not hear they have brought any of the Provincial Troops from Pennſylvania: He only waits for the 200 Men to be ſent from this Colony, and then proceeds for South-Carolina.

And Yeſterday paſſed through this City, in their Way to Hampton, 200 of the Provincial Troops of this Colony, under the Command of Lieutenant-Col. Stephen, in order to their Embarkation for South-Carolina.

NEW-YORK, *June* 6.

By a Veſſel arrived at Rhode-Iſland the 20th ultimo, from Anamaboe, we have the following Liſt of the French Squadron, and Engliſh Ships taken by them on the Coaſt of Africa, and elſewhere, viz. French Ships, l'Intrepide, Commodore Faerſon, of 74 Guns; l'Opiniate, of 64; l'Unicorne, of 36; and le Caliſo, of 16 Guns; in all 190 Guns.

The Engliſh Veſſels taken by the above Squadron, are, the Boſcawen Privateer, of 14 Guns, from Southampton, taken at Cape de Verd. The Spencer Frigate, in the Bay of Biſcay, and kept for an Hoſpital Ship. The Prince of Orange, Jackſon, of Liverpool, at Cape-Mount, Jan. 1, with 175 Slaves, 14 lb. of Ivory, and one Ton of Cam Wood. The Elizabeth and Mary, Caruthers, of Liverpool, at Little Cape-Mount, Jan. 2, with 50 Slaves. The Nancy, Gill, of Liverpool, at Junk, Jan. 3, with 70 Slaves. The Arabella, of Liverpool, at Baſhaw, Jan. 4, with 45 Slaves. The Black Prince, Noble Beans, and Whitington, Kennedy, both belonging to Whitehaven.

On the 24th Day of January the abovementioned Men of War arrived at Anamaboe, and took the following Veſſels, viz. The Caſada Garden, Thomas T. Taylor, of Rhode-Iſland, near Winiba, Jan. 26, with 60 Slaves. The Camelion, Michael Molton, of Rhode-Iſland, at Winiba, Jan. 26, with 46 Slaves. The Polly, Jeremiah Clark, of Rhode-Iſland, near Winiba, Jan. 26, with 75 Slaves. And Capt. Loe, of Liverpool, miſſing till the 18th of March, and ſuppoſed to be taken.

Beſides the abovementioned French Ships of War, two others, viz. Le St. Michael, of 64 Guns, and Le Lathee, of 32 Guns, ſtopped at St. Jago to water, and were, between the 20th and 25th of January, ſpoke with by a Portugueſe Veſſel, off Cape-Palmas, who reported, that they ſteered down the Coaſt for Angola, ſuppoſed to join the other Squadron.

Friday laſt Capt. Goodin arrived here in 26 Days from Jamaica, by whom we learn, That a Fleet of 25 Sail, under Convoy of his Majeſty's Ships Roebuck and Lively, arrived at that Iſland in the Month of April laſt, from Ireland.

The following Men of War were at Jamaica when Capt. Goodin ſailed from thence, viz. Edinburgh, of 70 Guns, Princeſs Mary 60, Portſmouth 60, Auguſta 60, Aſſiſtance 50, Humber 40, Roebuck 20, Sphinx 20, Shoreham 20, Rye 20, Wager 20, and Lively, of 20 Guns.

The ſame Day Capt. Tingley arrived here in 13 Days from Halifax, by whom we are told, that the Bombketch Speedwell, Capt. Bond, arrived there in 5 Weeks from Falmouth, two Days before he ſailed, the Captain whereof informed him, that the Earl of Halifax Packet, Captain Morris, from this Place, was ſafe arrived there; and that the following Regiments were thoſe deſigned for America, viz. Two Battalions of the Royals, Forbes's, Blakeney's, Brag's, Kennedy's, Murray's, and Perry's.

Capt. Tingley likewiſe ſays, That two French Indians were lately taken at Malagaſh, and ſent to Halifax; and that a Day or two after he came out, he met with the Boſton Country Snow ſtanding in for Halifax, with ſix Veſſels loaded with Proviſions under her Convoy.

Since our laſt came to Town, one William Morris, a Ranger, who was taken Priſoner by the French, in the Engagement near Ticonderoga, on the 21ſt of January laſt, with Capt. Rogers (now promoted to the Rank of Major) and informs us, That immediately upon his being captivated, he was carried, with ſix more of his Companions, to Ticonderoga (one of which died three Weeks after, having received eleven Shot in his Body) where there were only 40 Men in Garriſon, 200 Regulars, 45 Indians, and 36 Canadians, having ſallied out to attack Major Rogers (whoſe Party conſiſted of only 75 Men) of which Number 30 were killed on the Spot, and 32 more died ſoon after they reached the Fort; having remained a Month at Ticonderoga, he was ſent to Crown-Point, where he halted only one Night, being carried from thence by ſome of the Ottowaway Indians, whoſe Priſoner he was, and who propoſed to carry him to their Country, and adopt him for one of their Children; but the Severity of the Weather obliging them to remain ſome Time at Montreal, he found an Opportunity, when the Indians were gone upon a Scout, to make his Eſcape, with three more, having left Montreal the 7th of May, with about 4 Days Proviſion, a Gun, and ſome Powder and Ball, which he took out of the Indian Hutt, as he was left to take Care of their Things in their Abſence: They all arrived ſafe at Fort William Henry the 18th of May, much fatigued. A few Days before he left Montreal, two Regiments of Regulars, and ſome Canadians and Indians, marched towards Crown-Point, in order, as he imagined, to ſtrengthen that Fort, and Ticonderoga; that very great Preparations were making in Canada, to open the Campaign very early; that the Army that attacked Fort William Henry, the 17th of March, was returned to Montreal, much fatigued, and that many of them were killed by the Garriſon, and ſeveral more died on their Way Home; that he imagined the City of Quebec was much in Want of Proviſions, ſome Sloops having ſailed from Montreal for that Place, as ſoon as the River was open, loaded with Wheat and Fiſh.

Laſt Week George Kawkel, one of Colonel Peter Schuyler's Regiment, taken at Oſwego, came to Town from Albany, having made his Eſcape from the Enemy. He ſays, That during his Stay among the French, he was uſed extremely well, and indulged in almoſt every Reſpect:——That he had Liberty to work for his Living, and was frequently employed in and about their Fortifications:——That from Quebec, which he left about two Months ſince, he was ſent to work at various different Forts between that Place and Crown-Point; and that the laſt he was fixed at, was Ticonderoga, where, he ſays, there is but a ſmall Garriſon:——That he was well aſſured, there were ſcarce one Hundred Men at Crown-Point, the Scarcity of Proviſions, and other Neceſſaries of Life, having reduced the French Forces to abundantly leſs than 7000 Men:——That Colonel Schuyler lived by himſelf, in Quebec, and was in Health; as were alſo about 20 or 30 others that are ſtill remaining in that Place, and that were not ſent to France. That he was ſix Days and ſeven Nights out before he got to Fort William-Henry, ſuſtaining Life no otherwiſe than with the Buds of Trees:——That 25 Indians were ſent out to fetch him back, and that by ſcreening himſelf in the Thickets, he happily eſcaped and got into Fort Henry, almoſt reduced to a Skeleton.

PHILADELPHIA, *June* 9.

By Captain Falls, who left Londonderry the 27th of April, there is Advice, that the Fleet from England was ſeen off Kinſale on the 20th of that Month, on their Way to Cork, to join the Men of War and Tranſports there bound to North-America.

We hear from Lancaſter, that nine Waggon Load of Powder and Ammunition arrived there on the third Inſtant from Winchester, in Virginia, for the Uſe of his Majeſty's Forces at Carliſle.

From Fort Frederick, in Maryland, we learn, that Major Lewis, with a Party of Cherokees, has brought in five Scalps, and nineteen Priſoners. It is ſuppoſed they ſurprized the Enemy on their March this Way, as Capt. Paris and his Company did lately.

ANNAPOLIS, *June* 16.

We hear that Two Waggoners were killed by the Enemy near *Fort-Frederick* on Thurſday laſt.

Since our laſt arrived here the Snow *Trial*, Capt. *Mills*, from *London*, with upwards of Seventy of his Majeſty's SEVEN YEAR PASSENGERS. She was formerly commanded by Capt. *Scott*, but he was unfortunately Drowned, with two of his Hands, as they were going aſhore in the Yaul at *Falmouth*.

Friday laſt, being a very hot Sun-ſhining Day, a young Man in *Frederick* County, about Two or Three and Twenty Years of Age, Healthy, Strong and Able, but of a very Lazy Diſpoſition, for the Sake of Two Shillings, ſtripp'd himſelf quite Naked from Head to Foot, and ſtood in the Sun from Seven o'Clock in the Morning till Night; but has ſince ſuffer'd very deſervedly for his Folly, for the Sun ſtripp'd off his Skin.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, *Enter'd*,
Ship Hannah, Timothy Coates, from London;
Snow Trial, William Mills, from London;
Brigantine Kent, John Pyke, from Biddeford.

Cleared for Departure,
Sloop Unity, John Jones, for Cork;
Schooner Induſtry, John Birſtall, for London.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be SOLD by the Printer hereof,

THE LAWS made at the laſt Seſſion of ASSEMBLY, convened at *Baltimore-Town*.

IMPORTED in the EAGLE, *and to be Sold Wholeſale and Retail, at the very loweſt Prices, by*

CHARLES OSBORNE,

DRUGGIST from LONDON, *at the* Golden-Peſtle, *oppoſite Mr.* Joſeph Trotter's, *in* Second-Street, PHILADELPHIA,

A LARGE Aſſortment of DRUGS, Chymical and Galenical MEDICINES: Alſo *Daffy*'s Elixir, *James*'s Powder, *Bateman*'s Drops, *Godfrey*'s Cordial, *Anderſon*'s Pills, *Squire*'s Elixir, Spirits of Scurvy Graſs, *Boſtock*'s Elixir, *Lockyer*'s Pills, *Britiſh* Oil, *Stoughton*'s Bitters, with Nipple Glaſſes, Pots, Pill Boxes, Vials, *&c. &c.*

N. B. Maſters of Ships, not carrying Surgeons with them, may be furniſhed with MEDICINE CHESTS and DIRECTIONS. Families living diſtant from a Doctor, may be furniſhed alſo with Cheſts of all Sizes, at very low Rates.

TO BE SOLD,

For Sterling, Gold, or Paper Currency, very reaſonably, by the Subſcribers, living near Conococheague, *in* Frederick *County*,

A TRACT of LAND, called *Parks's Hall Divided*, lying near *Moſes Chapline*'s in the ſaid County, containing 1550 Acres. The Land is very rich, is well wooded and watered, and a great Part of it may be made good Meadow-Land. It will be ſold together, or in Lots. The Title is indiſputable.

Any Perſons inclinable to purchaſe, may be ſhewn the Land, and the Terms of Sale, by applying to VAN SWERINGEN,
JOHN VAN SWERINGEN.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Iſaac Jones*, in *Anne-Arundel* County, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall Bay Horſe, branded on the near Buttock with a blind Brand, has a ſhort Sprig Tail, and his near hind Foot is white.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Brightwell*, living near *Linganore* Chapel, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a middle-ſiz'd Strawberry Roan Mare, branded on the near Shoulder with ſomething like the Bottom of a Woman's Stirrup Iron, with a Top to it; ſhe is about 5 Years old, with a grey Star in her Forehead.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *William Carter*, near *Baltimore-Town*, taken up as a Stray, an Iron-Grey Roan Horſe, with a white Face, branded on the near Buttock with ſomething like I G, and is about 8 or 10 Years old.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Quirk*, near *Rock-Creek*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Mare, about 13 Hands high, 4 or 5 Years old, branded on the near Buttock with ſomething like this ++, and has a ſmall Blaze in her Forehead.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Martin*, living on the *Bear Ground* Hundred, in *Anne-Arundel* County, taken up as a Stray, a Dark Bay Gelding, with a few grey Hairs, he has a ſmall white Spot on his off Flank, is a natural Pacer, about 12¼ Hands high, is neither dock'd or branded, and appears to be about 3 Years old.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

H. CALLISTER, Agent for FOSTER CUNLIFFE and SONS, Eſqrs. deſires all Debtors to their Concern at *Oxford*, to make Payment in Caſh or Tobacco, or in Wheat ſo long as he is willing to take it; and thoſe who are not able to make immediate Payment, are deſired to come and ſettle.

As he is conſcious of having hitherto treated his Debtors with exemplary Lenity, notwithſtanding the malicious Aſperſions on his Character by a Set of abandon'd and ungrateful Wretches, whoſe deſperate Circumſtances conſtrain'd him to take the Steps neceſſary to ſecure the Intereſt he has Charge of, and ſuch Aſperſions have been with more Ill-Nature fomented by others: As it muſt be evident to all diſpaſſionate and diſcerning honeſt Men, that he has hitherto adhered to the ſtricteſt Rules of Humanity in collecting the Debts due to his Conſtituents, and given their Debtors the faireſt and happieſt Alternative in the Method of Payments that the Heart of an honeſt Man can deſire, and which they cannot with Juſtice claim, having conſtantly given higher Prices to his Debtors than he could purchaſe for of others, and taking a loſing Commodity; he is ſtill Conſiſtent, and will have all the Patience a reaſonable Man can wiſh, on taking Bonds, or good Surety, where the Circumſtances of the Debtor appear to him precarious. This he is induced to from the Conſideration of the preſent Times bearing hard on many, and purely for their own Sakes, for he has had his Patience already tried and abuſed, and does not think himſelf obliged to ſuſpend the Rigour of Juſtice. This, it is hoped, People will reflect upon, and alter their Conduct with regard to him.

He has ſtill on Hand, a conſiderable Quantity of *European* and *Weſt-India* GOODS, both old and freſh, which he will ſell cheap for ready Tobacco, Caſh, or Wheat.

June 9, 1757.

ALL Perſons indebted to the PAPER CURRENCY OFFICE, are required to pay the INTEREST due on their BONDS within Six Months from the Date hereof, otherwiſe the Bonds will be put in Suit.

Signed per *Order of the Commiſſioners*,
RICHARD DORSEY, Clerk
of the Paper Currency Office.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the SALLY-BROWN, *Captain* JOHN JOHNSON, *from* LONDON,

A LARGE Aſſortment of *European* and *Eaſt-India* GOODS, ſuitable for the SEASON; to be ſold by the Subſcriber, at very reaſonable Rates. Alſo Cordage and Cables of all Sizes, Anchors, Sail Duck, Oakum, Ship's Compaſſes, Lines, Twine, and all Sorts of Ship Chandlery. JAMES DICK.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the LEE, *Captain* JOHNSTOUN, *from* LONDON, *and to be Sold by the Subſcribers, at their Store, adjoining to the Parade, in* ANNAPOLIS, *where Mr.* Anderſon *formerly kept Tavern*,

SUNDRY EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS; for Bills of Exchange, Paper Currency, or Sterling.

ALEXANDER & ANDREW SYMMER.

THE Subſcribers having now broke up Store at *Bladenſburg*; all Perſons indebted to them on their Books there, are deſired to come and ſettle the ſame forthwith, at *Upper-Marlborough*, elſe they will be ſued without further Notice. ALEXANDER & ANDREW SYMMER.

THE Reverend Mr. MALCOLM does hereby let the Subſcribers, for his LATIN GRAMMAR, know, That the Firſt Volume is ready to be delivered to them, at Mr. *Green's* PRINTING-OFFICE in *Annapolis*, either in Sheets, Stitched, or Bound; they paying for the Stitching or Binding.

TO BE SOLD, as uſual, at the Warehouſe of CHARLES CARROLL, *Eſq; in* Annapolis,

BAR-IRON of all Sizes, Plough-Shear Moulds, *&c. &c.* by

RICHARD MACKUBIN.

THOMAS WILLS,
BARBER and PERUKE-MAKER,
From LONDON,
At his Shop near the Inſpection-Houſe in BALTIMORE-TOWN,

UNDERTAKES to ſerve all Gentlemen, who ſhall be pleaſed to favour him with their Employ, in WIGS of all Kinds and Faſhions, as undernoted: In which Particular he promiſes they ſhall be as good as from *London*, as he has now purchaſed a large Stock of *Engliſh* Hairs of all Colours, and as he propoſes to keep the beſt Workmen in his Employ, and to regulate his Faſhions by the Mode from *London*: He makes no Doubt of giving entire Satisfaction, both in the Goodneſs and Cheapneſs of his Work, which will be conſiderably under the *London* Prices:—— Full Dreſs Wigs of all Kinds from 1*l.* 10*s.* to 5*l.* Currency. Cut Bobs and Ques of all Kinds from 1*l.* 10*s.* to 5*l.* Currency.

The Method he propoſes to take in anſwering his Commiſſions is, That the Gentlemen forward their Orders to himſelf, or to any of their Friends living in *Baltimore-Town*, expreſſing the Colour and Faſhion of the Wig, and Dimenſions of the Caul, and the Price about which they would have them, and he will immediately on Receipt thereof, have the Wigs made up, agreeable to the Directions, and ſent by the firſt Opportunity; and on Receipt of the Wigs, the firſt Coſt and other Charges to be paid. And that the Gentlemen may be the better ſatisfied that Juſtice is done them in the Prices, if they don't pleaſe at Sight, they are not bound to take them from

Their moſt humble Servant,
THOMAS WILLS.

N. B. The Meaſure to be taken from the Peak to the Neck, and round the Head; either ſent, or the Inches mentioned.

Upper-Marlborough, June 4, 1757.

STOLEN from the Subſcriber's Plantation, near *Herring-Bay*, in the Night of Wedneſday the 25th of *May*, a middle-ſiz'd Brown Mare, about 13 Hands high, ſhe has a blazed Face, her hind Feet white, and branded on the near Buttock H. Whoever brings the ſaid Mare to the Subſcriber, ſhall have Twenty Shillings; and Three Pounds Reward for diſcovering and ſecuring the Thief, ſo that he may be brought to Juſtice. J. HEPBURN.

STRAY'D from the Plantation of Captain *Kenſey Johns*, at *Weſt-River*, a Brown Bay Horſe, about 12½ or 13 Hands high, has a Bob Tail, and is ſuppoſed to be near 5 Years old.

Whoever has found him, and will bring him to *Weſt-River*, ſhall have Ten Shillings Reward.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Samuel Muſgrove*, near Captain *Philemon Dorſey's*, in *Anne-Arundel* County, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall Grey Horſe, about 12 Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder with AB (joined in one) as near as can be diſcerned, with three white Feet; he had a ſmall Bell on, and a double Strap with two Buckles.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To be Sold by the Subſcriber, for ready Money, at Mr. Carroll's *Warehouſe, in* Annapolis,

CHOICE good white Sugar at 10*d. per* Pound, Salt at 3/9 *per* Buſhel, Mahogany Bureaus, Corner Cupboards, Deſks, and Square Tables. FRANCIS FAIRBROTHER.

THE Subſcriber having by a great Application acquired a reaſonable Knowledge of the ENGLISH GRAMMAR, he propoſes to Teach the ſame at the FREE SCHOOL of *Annapolis*. Thoſe Parents who cannot afford their Sons ſpending ſeveral Years in the learning of *Greek* and *Latin*, may, by this Propoſal, procure to them the only Benefit commonly expected from theſe Languages, THE LEARNING OF THEIR OWN: Beſides, their Daughters can as eaſily enjoy the ſame Advantage. As he does not take upon himſelf to Teach *Engliſh* Pronunciation (which will be Taught, as uſual, by Mr. *Wilmot*) he hopes no judicious Perſon will make any Objection to his being a Foreigner; and that, as his Propoſal is of a ſelf-evident Advantage to Youth, he will meet with good Encouragement. His Terms are very moderate, being only Thirty Shillings, additionally to what is allowed to Mr. *Wilmot*.

WILLIAM CLAJON.

N. B. This will make no Alteration to the Price given me for Teaching *French, Latin* and *Greek*.

ANDREW THOMPSON,
ROPE-MAKER,
In Annapolis, *who formerly lived with Mr.* James Dick, *in* London-Town,

IS now removed to Mr. *John Golder's*, near the Town-Gate, where he carries on the ROPE-MAKING BUSINESS in all it's Branches, and where all Perſons may be ſupplied with ROPES of any Kind, black or white: And all thoſe who ſhall be pleaſed to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on being faithfully ſerved with the beſt of Ropes, by

Their moſt humble Servant,
ANDREW THOMPSON.

N. B. He has plenty of TRACES and PLOUGH-LINES by him, which he will ſell at the moſt reaſonable Rates.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living near *Pig-Point*, in *Anne-Arundel* County, ſome Time in *January* laſt, Two Country-born Negro Men; the one called *Ned*, and the other *Will*: They are both young active Fellows, and it is ſuppoſed have been harboured for ſome Time in the Neighbourhood. One of the ſaid Negroes has got the following Cloaths with him, *viz.* one red and white ſtriped Waiſtcoat, one Pair of Cherriderry Trowſers, one Pair of white Trowſers, one Pair of Cloth Breeches, one fine white Linen Shirt, one Pair of white Cotton Stockings, one Pair of black Leather Shoes, Shoe Buckles, and a pretty good Hat with Gold Lace ſet round the Brim, beſides Working Cloaths; from whence it is thought that they may endeavour to go to ſome other Province.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Negroes, and ſecures them in any Goal, ſhall have a Reward of Forty Shillings for each, beſides what the Law allows.

SUSANNA JOBSON.

WHEREAS the Subſcriber has made a Practice, for ſome Time paſt, of Letting out of Horſes, *&c.* for Hire, to Travellers; but having had ſeveral Kill'd, and others very much Abuſed, he is determined to Hire out no more, of which he gives this Public Notice, that no Body may be diſappointed in expecting them from him.

N. B. He keeps Ferry as uſual; and has good Boats to carry Paſſengers either up the Bay, or down to any Part of *Virginia*.

JAMES HUTCHINGS.

THE Subſcriber intending for *London* this Summer, requeſts all Perſons indebted to him to come and make Payment, or ſettle their Accounts by Note, or Bond: And thoſe who have any juſt Demands againſt him, are deſired to come and receive Payment of the ſame.

JAMES WARDROP.

JOHN BENNETT, in ANNAPOLIS, ſells all Sorts of manufactured TOBACCO, in ſmall or large Quantities.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his OFFICE in *Charles-ſtreet*; by whom all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d. per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inſerted for Five Shillings the firſt Week, and One Shilling each Week after the Firſt.